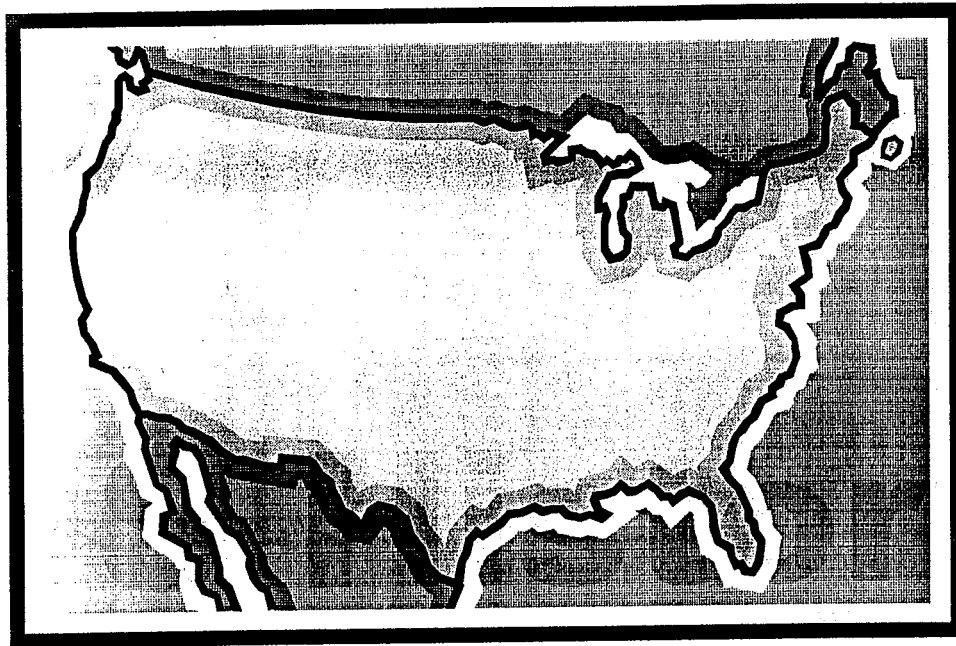


# **US History**



## **Chapter 12: Reconstruction and Its Effects**

**Section 1: The Politics of Reconstruction**

**Section 2: Reconstructing Society**

**Section 3: The Collapse of Reconstruction**



# Chapter 12: Reconstruction and Its Effects, 1865-1877

## Section 1: The Politics of Reconstruction

Andrew Johnson \_\_\_\_\_

Reconstruction \_\_\_\_\_

Radical Republicans \_\_\_\_\_

Thaddeus Stevens \_\_\_\_\_

Wade-Davis Bill \_\_\_\_\_

Freedmen's Bureau \_\_\_\_\_

black codes \_\_\_\_\_

Fourteenth Amendment \_\_\_\_\_

impeach \_\_\_\_\_

Fifteenth Amendment \_\_\_\_\_

Congress Reacts

Lincoln's 10% Plan

Radicals React

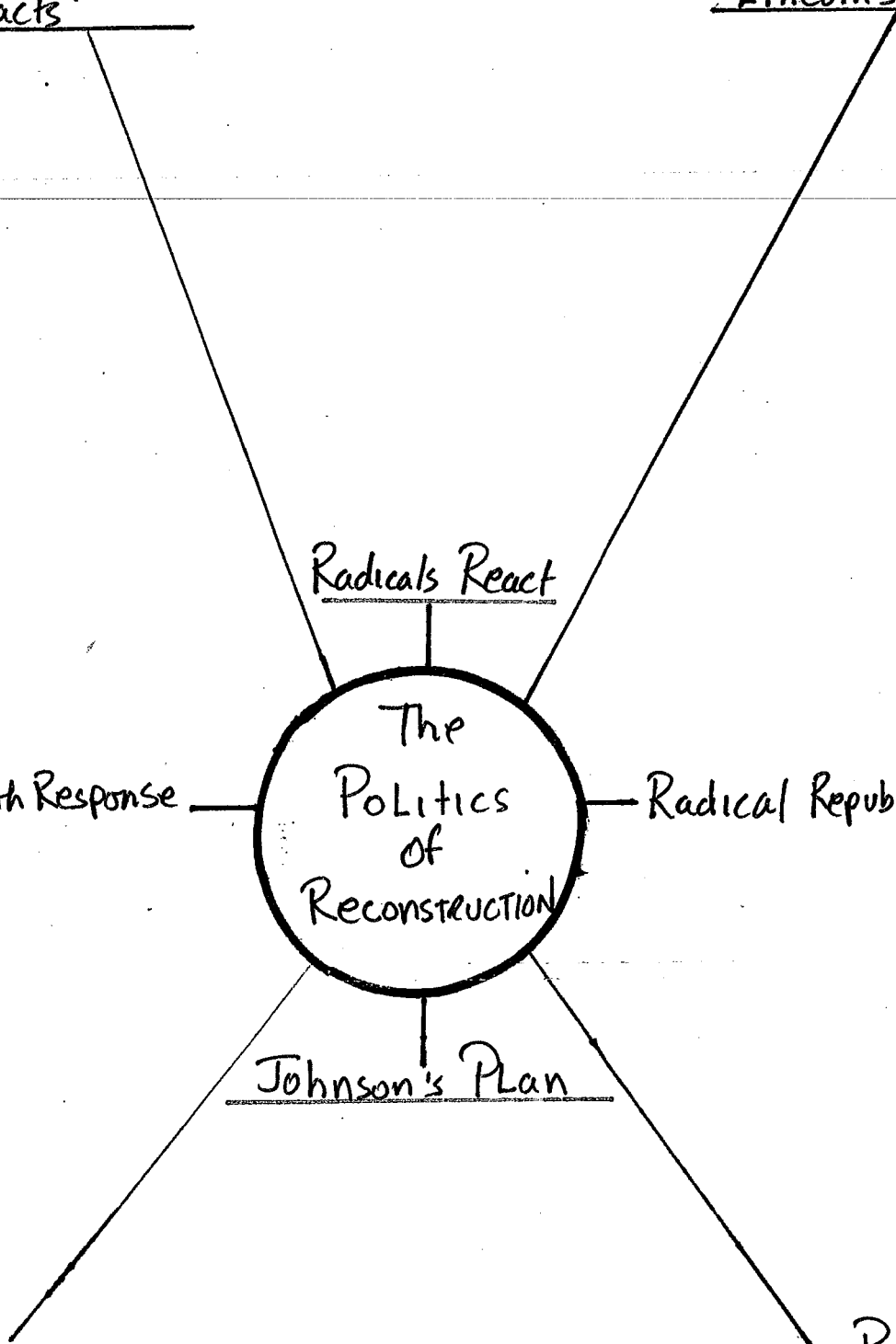
White South Response

The  
Politics  
of  
Reconstruction

Radical Republicans Reaction

Johnson's Plan

Pocket Veto



## Section 2: Reconstructing Society

scalawag

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carpetbagger

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Hiram Revels

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sharecropping

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tenant farming

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Southern Economy Changes

Post War South

New Farming

African American Social Advances

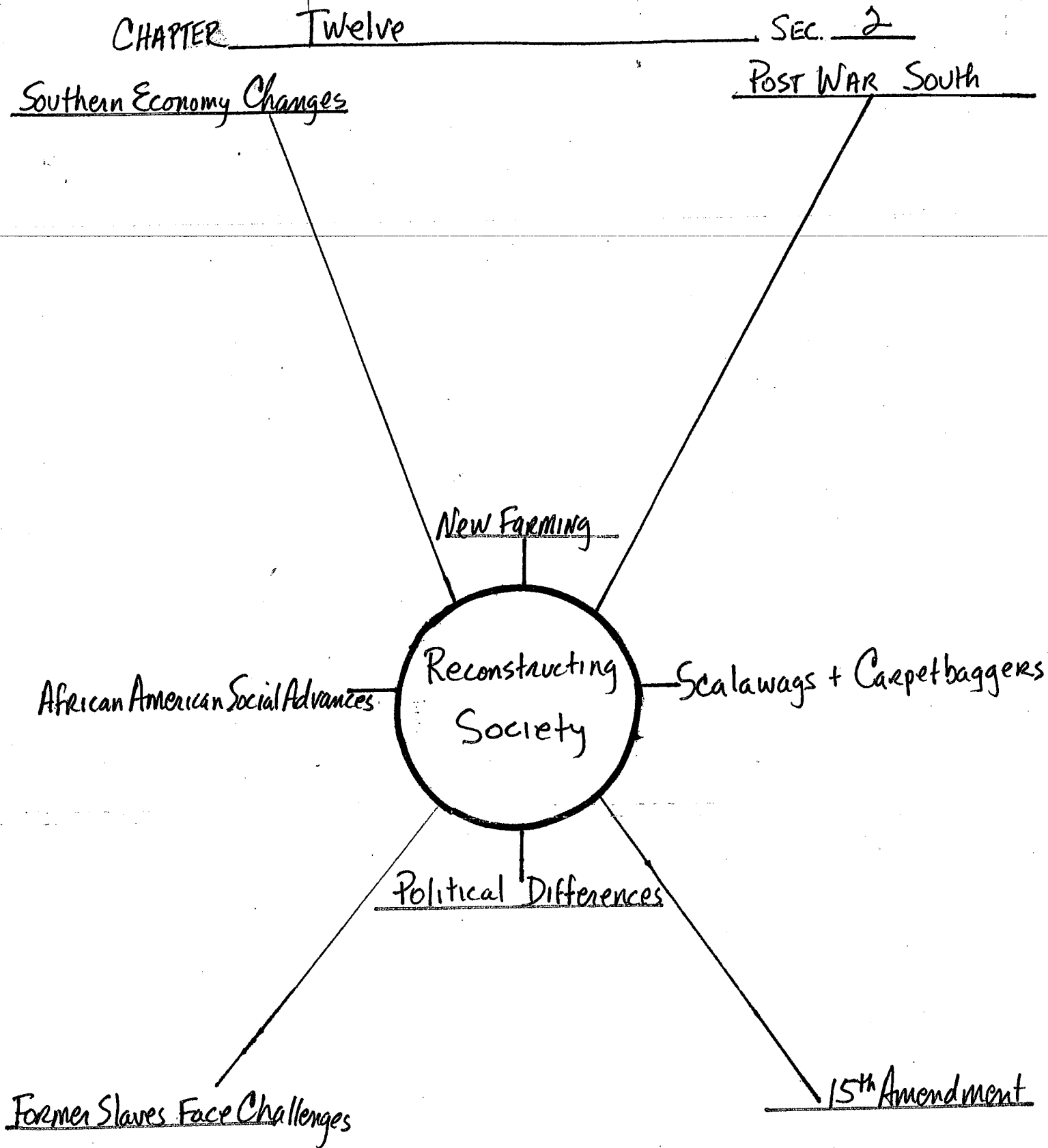
Reconstructing  
Society

Scalawags + Carpetbaggers

Political Differences

Former Slaves Face Challenges

15<sup>th</sup> Amendment



### Section 3: The Collapse of Reconstruction

Ku Klux Klan (KKK) \_\_\_\_\_

panic of 1873 \_\_\_\_\_

redemption \_\_\_\_\_

Rutherford B. Hayes \_\_\_\_\_

Samuel J. Tilden \_\_\_\_\_

Compromise of 1877 \_\_\_\_\_

home rule \_\_\_\_\_

Judicial + Popular Support Fade

White Opposition Grows

Compromise of 1877

Economic Turmoil

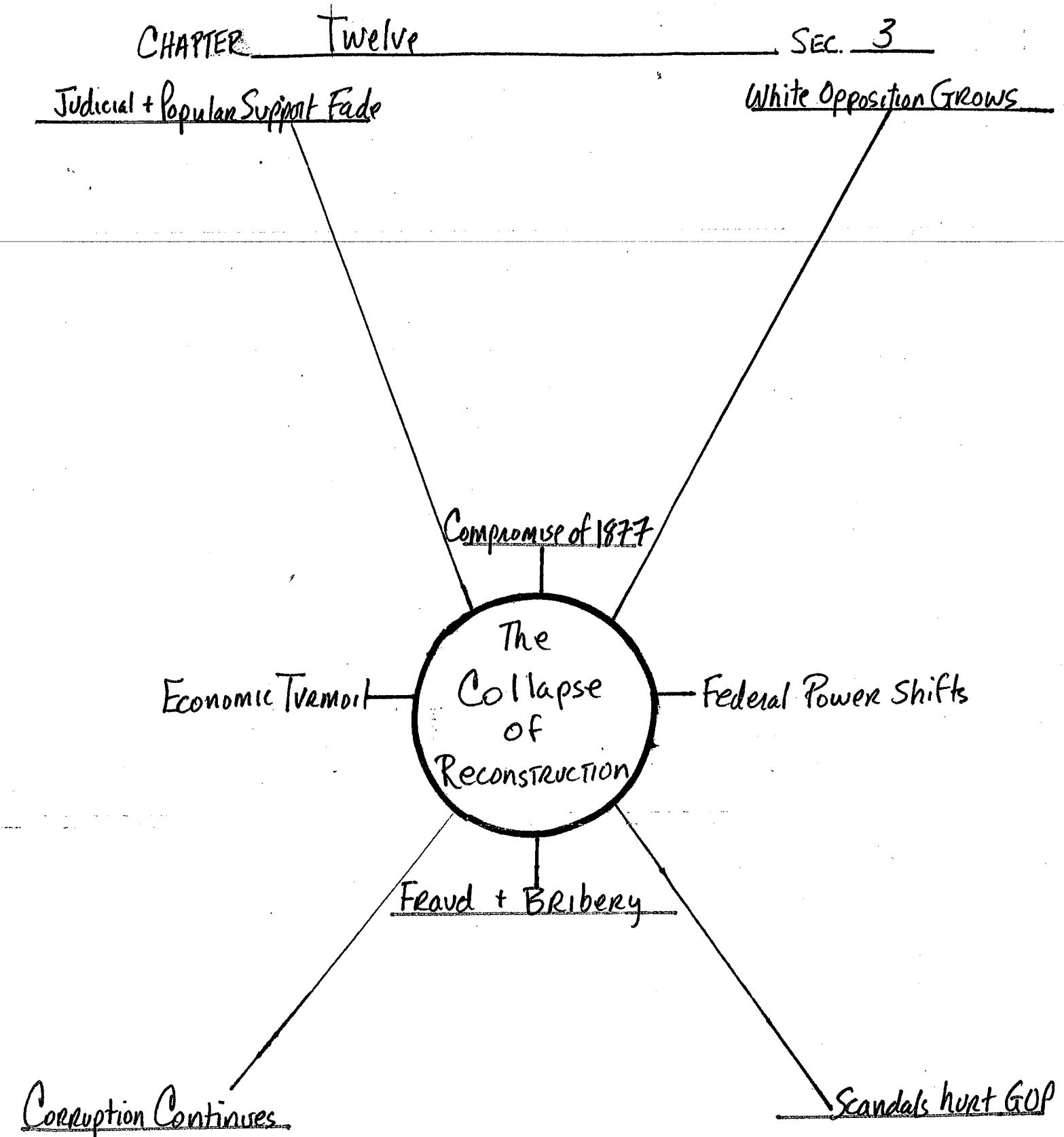
The  
Collapse  
of  
Reconstruction

Federal Power Shifts

Fraud + Bribery

Corruption Continues

Scandals hurt GOP





## Glossary

## CHAPTER 12 Reconstruction and Its Effects

**allegiance** Loyalty

**depression** Period when economic activity declines

**invalid** Not acceptable according to the law or rules

**malnutrition** Condition caused by having too little food to eat or by eating the wrong kinds of food

**override** Reverse

**public works** Construction projects, such as highways, paid for by the government for the benefit of the general public

**reconcile** Settle differences

**social services** Services that help people improve their lives, such as schools

## AFTER YOU READ

### Terms and Names

**A. Fill in the blanks with the letter of the term that best completes the sentence.**

- a. Reconstruction
- b. black codes
- c. scalawags
- d. carpetbaggers
- e. Hiram Revels
- f. Ku Klux Klan
- g. Rutherford B. Hayes

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Congress outlawed \_\_\_\_\_, which were laws that discriminated against African Americans.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. The \_\_\_\_\_ was a terrorist organization that used violence to prevent African Americans from voting.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. The election of \_\_\_\_\_ as president in 1876 helped to bring Reconstruction to an end.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first African-American senator.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_ was the period of rebuilding the nation after the Civil War, which lasted from 1865 to 1877.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The \_\_\_\_\_ were white Southern Republicans who did not want wealthy planters to regain power.

**B. Write the letter of the name or term that matches the description.**

- a. sharecropping
- b. Samuel J. Tilden
- c. Fourteenth Amendment
- d. home rule
- e. tenant farming
- f. redemption
- g. Fifteenth Amendment
- h. Rutherford B. Hayes

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. It gave African Americans citizenship.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. It banned states from denying the vote to African Americans.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. A system in which landowners give a few acres of land to their farmworkers and the farmworkers keep a small portion of their crops and give the rest to the landowners
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. A system in which farmers rented land from the landowners for cash
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. The Democrat candidate in the 1876 presidential election
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. The Southern Democrats' term for their return to power in the South
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. The ability to run state governments without federal intervention

**AFTER YOU READ** (cont.) **CHAPTER 12** Reconstruction and Its Effects

**Main Ideas**

1. What did the Congressional plan for Reconstruction include?

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2. How did African Americans try to rebuild their lives after the Civil War?

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3. What systems replaced the plantation system in the South?

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4. What did the Ku Klux Klan do to prevent African Americans from making political and economic progress?

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5. How did Southern Democrats regain political power during Reconstruction?

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**Thinking Critically**

Answer the following questions on a separate sheet of paper.

1. How was Reconstruction undone?

2. Did African Americans come through Reconstruction better or worse off? Explain.

US History Ch 12 essay test

Choose one and type full question before answer

1. Why the 14th and 15th Amendments are considered the greatest achievements of the Reconstruction? Include:

- a. why the amendments were needed
- b. how each affected the rights of African Americans
- c. role of the Constitution in protecting people's rights
- d. flexibility of Constitution responsible for these amendments

2. Identify and describe several factors that led to the collapse of Reconstruction. Was this collapse inevitable or a surprise? Include:

- a. those who opposed Reconstruction and their reasons
- b. political scandals and the Republican Party (GOP)
- c. economic troubles in the nation
- d. Supreme Court decisions
- e. Election of 1876 results and compromise
- f. Importance of Home Rule